

Open Science and Society: Citizen Science Addressing National and International Priorities









Forum Agenda

10:30 AM Welcome and Introductions

Jenn Loder, ACSA management committee, Reef Citizen Science Alliance Dr. Erin Roger, ACSA Chair & NSW Office of Environment & Heritage

10:40 Successful Implementation of Citizen Science in US National Government

Dr. Lea Shanley, US NSF South Big Data Innovation Hub

Dr. Amy Kaminski, NASA

11:00 Emerging Trends in Citizen Science

Libby Hepburn, Atlas of Life

Dr. Lea Shanley, US NSF South Big Data Innovation Hub

11:10 Framework for Citizen science in Public Policy

Stephanie von Gavel, ACSA Vice Chair & Business Development Manager CSIRO

11:15 Roundtable Discussion

Noon Adjourn



2018 conference



Plenary with Dr Alan Finkel



Trended #1 on Australian Twitter



250 conference delegates



Launched 3 new State chapters



Diverse talks from local, state, national, international projects



Workshops on policy & social impact

Citizen Science Definition

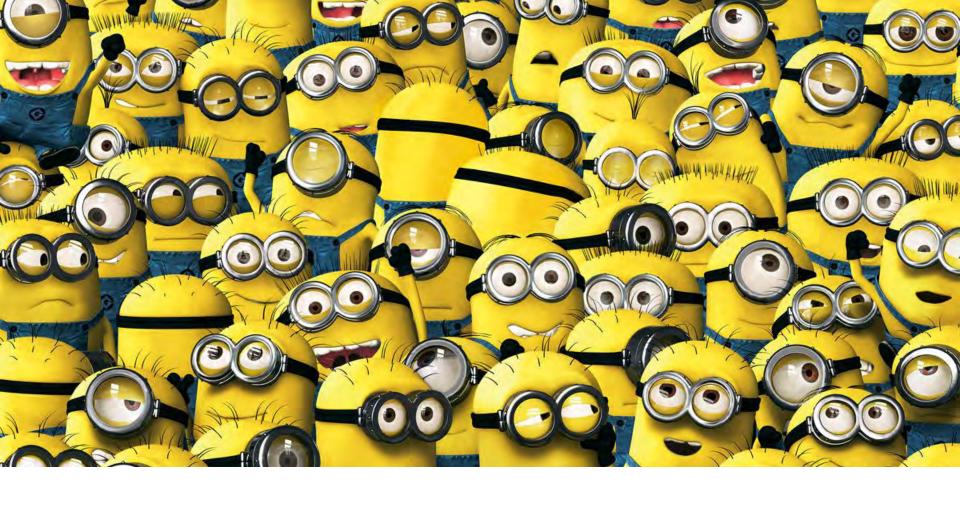


STRATEGIC VISION A community that supports, informs and develops citizen science. **Australian** Citizen Science Association **MISSION** To advance citizen science through sharing of knowledge, collaboration, capacity building & advocacy for citizen science. **Overview VALUES** Inclusive ● Inspiring ● Empowering ● Collaborative ● Dynamic **GOALS Participation Partnerships Practice Impact Platform** enabled by ACSA as an Message and a community of best Encourage broad and to ensure the value and effective, trusted and well through facilitating inclusive "ACSA's Strategic recognised organisation and meaningful participation in practice, knowledge and impact of citizen science and collaborative partnerships Goals are to... and its outputs are realised hub for citizen science in citizen science tools Australia." Science & Education **Individual & Community** Network Capacity Institutional **Outcome** outcomes outcomes outcomes outcomes outcomes Encourage & promote broad Support the development of Support & promote citizen Establish ACSA as a well Facilitate inclusive and and meaningful participation of tools, methods, infrastructure, science as an effective and collaborative relationships and functioning hub and network for discussion, coordination, initiatives society in citizen science so networks with members and key and resources to strengthen innovative approach in people become partners in community, science, education, the practice, use and study of undertaking and delivering and advocacy, for members and to Detail creating science & increasing government, and business citizen science. research, and supporting promote and deliver the goals of partners, nationally and science outcomes, including science literacy. **ACSA** internationally, to deliver against education and policy common goals. outcomes. **ACTIONS Participation Practice Platform Partnerships Impact** Develop communication & Develop membership framework & Develop information Hold a national conference Incorporation Year 1 (2015/16) promote outreach activities via business model to grow a management protocols and Governance - AGM & MC & working Support and promote strategic Plan, Initiate website & social media, building sustainable funding stream for structures for information citizen science groups activities/projects on local, Administration - host organisation & profile and awareness ACSA sharing Support national citizen science Identify strategic partnerships & Create online project database regional and national scales secretariat continued and built on networks and grow interactions Website & branding projects and portal by... Organisational plans Target key sectors to increase Grow membership base & Recognise citizen science Review and communicate Increase internal participation Year 2 (2016/17) participation in citizen science activities, including awards broad impacts of citizen Deliver citizen science advocacy at interaction Build, Grow Build awareness of citizen Build external partnerships Support the development of all levels e.g. champions science grow international collaborations science through practitioner ACSA publications & reports Increase visibility of ACSA involvement in diverse fora Ongoing activities, including national conference Year 3 (2017/18) Evaluation of activities, including identification of gaps. Deliver, Evaluate Review of plans, approach, strategy and improve as appropriate



How I Learned to Stop Worrying and love Citizen Science (in the US Federal Government)

Lea Shanley, Co-Executive Director, South Big Data Hub, and Former Co-Chair, US Federal Community of Practice on Crowdsourcing and Citizen Science Canberra, Australia, 12 Feb 2018

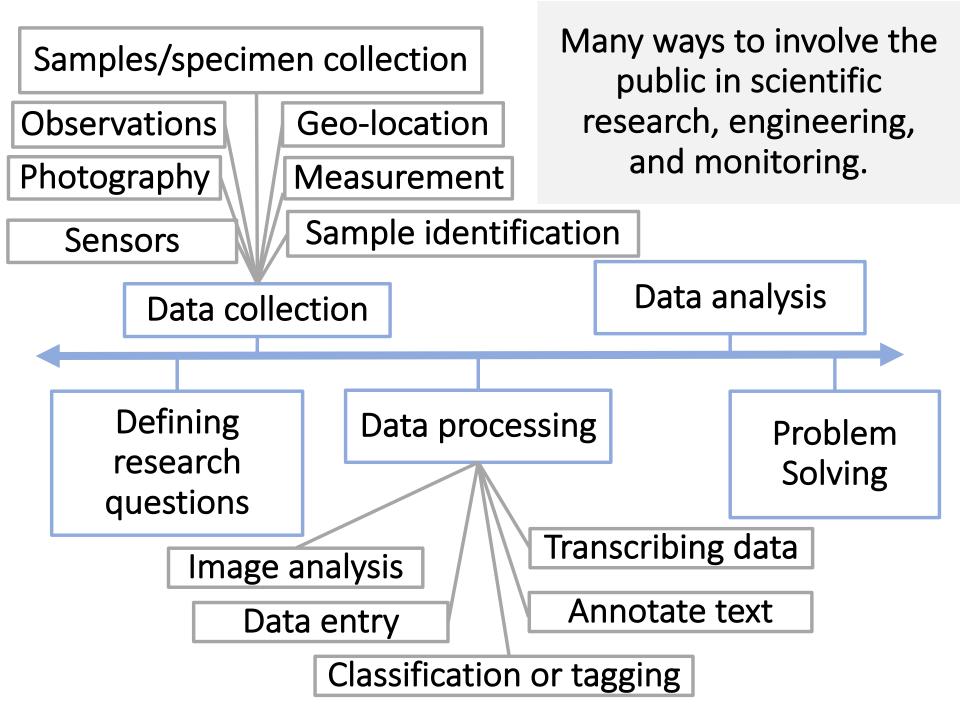


If you had 100,000 people to help you with your work, what would you do?

What is Citizen Science?

US Federal Government: "Contributions of the public to the advancement of *scientific* and *engineering research* and *monitoring* in ways that may include:

- Identifying research questions
- Designing/conducting investigations
- Designing/building/testing low cost sensors
- Collecting and analyzing data
- Developing data applications
- Developing technologies for science
- Solving complex problems"



Why Consider Citizen Science?

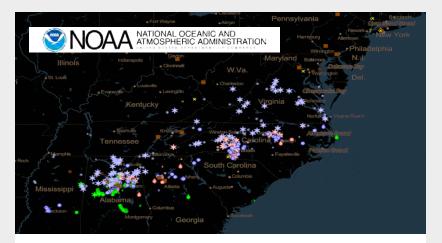
 Citizen science provides hands-on STEM learning outside of the classroom, and increases scientific literacy and awareness.

"In supporting science, developing science policies and carrying out science-related activities and decisions, the government will...ensure that opportunities for all Australians to engage with all aspects of the science process are maximised."

-- Australia's National Science Statement 2017

Why consider citizen science?

- Augment and enhance traditional scientific research and monitoring approaches:
 - Increase spatial or temporal frequency
 - Increase geographic extent or temporal scale (e.g., long-term monitoring)
 - Eye can be better than the algorithm
 - Reduce time and labor costs



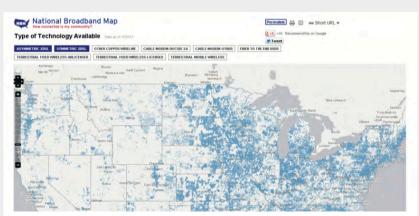
mPING mobile app has collected a million ground-based observations that help to verify weather models.



In 2017, 150 volunteers from **GIS Corps** and **HOTOSM** contributed
1300+ hours to help US FEMA map
areas impacted by natural disasters.



Foldit's 240,000 players outperform algorithmically computed solutions.

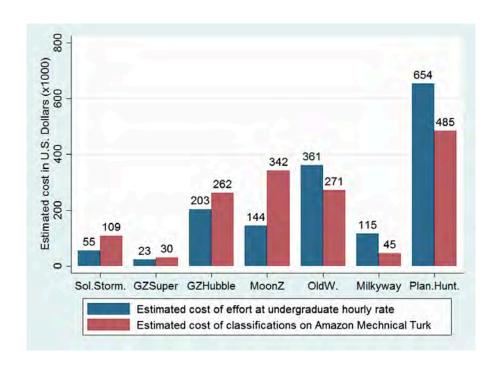


2 million people used mobile app to generate the National Broadband Map

Why consider citizen science?

- Theobald et al. (2014) analyzed 388 English-language biodiversity citizen science projects from around the world, estimating that 1.3 to 2.3 million people volunteered each year and made in-kind contributions worth up to US\$2.5 billion/year.
- Mackechnie et al. (2011) reported that terrestrial biodiversity in the United Kingdom involved more than 30 different organizations to which volunteer contributions had an estimated value of £20million (2007-08) for a government investment of £7 million.

Why consider citizen science?



• Saurermann et al (2014) estimated that the total value of volunteer in-kind contributions over the first 6 months for a group of seven Zooniverse projects amounted to \$1,554,474.

How We Did It

- Serve as a bridge: Hosted monthly meetings, connecting government with researchers, practitioners, industry, and volunteers. Established federal listserv for direct exchange of expertise, resources, information.
- Identify and encourage agency champions/evangelists.
- Highlight best practices case studies.

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How We Did It

- Encourage High Level Support ("top cover"): Sought written/public endorsements for citizen science by government officials and chief scientists, and executives.
- Align with National Priorities: Aligned citizen science and crowdsourcing projects with Open Government, Open Data, and Open Science government initiatives.

What is Open Science?

- Open Access (e.g., articles, lab notebooks)
- Open Data
- Open Source Software
- Open Source Technology (e.g., Makers)
- Open Collaboration (e.g., Citizen Science)
- Open Funding (e.g., crowdfunding)

OECD (2015), "Making Open Science a Reality", OECD Science, Technology and Industry Policy Papers, No. 25, OECD Publishing, Paris. http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/5jrs2f963zs1-en

US Federal Citizen Science Toolkit

HOME

HOW TO

CASE STUDIES

RESOURCE LIBRARY

LAW AND POLICY

CITIZENSCIENCE.GOV



How To: Step by Step

This toolkit shows five basic process steps for planning, designing and carrying out a crowdsourcing or citizen science project. At each step, you'll find a list of tips you can use to keep your project on track. See the process steps



Case Study Overview

Case studies in this toolkit serve as models and provide success stories and challenges to consider while planning a project. You can browse through agency case studies to get ideas for a project of your own. Browse case studies



Resource Library

The resource library provides a list of all resources in this toolkit which you can browse through by category. You can also find resources within each of the process steps in the "How To" section of the View resources

Citizenscience.gov

Developed by the US Federal Community of Practice on Crowdsourcing and Citizen Science

White House Memorandum

 Collaborated closely with Obama White House to shape the memo Addressing Societal and Scientific Challenges through Citizen Science and Crowdsourcing, issued by the President's Science Advisor Dr. John Holdren on Sept 30, 2015.

• Three Core Principals:

- Data Quality and Fitness for Purpose
- Openness and Transparency
- Meaningful Public Participation

• Requirements:

- Agency Citizen Science Coordinators
- Catalog of Federal Citizen Science and Crowdsourcing Projects

How We Did It

- Increased Competitive Funding Opportunities in Citizen Science
 - NSF Core Priority Area for 2016
 - NASA, Nat'l Atmospheric & Oceanic Administration, Nat'l Institutes of Health, etc, established new grant programs
 - FY'17 White House Budget Memo for R&D
- Incorporated into Federal Policies
 - Open Government National Action Plans II, III
 - President's Strategy for American Innovation
 - National Climate Assessment & USGCRP Strategy
 - National Civil Earth Observation Strategy and Implementation Plan

Citizen Science and Emerging Trends



How do we ensure data quality?

- Quality Assurance Project Plan
- Repeated sample/tasks
- Participant tasks involving control items
- Uniform or calibrated equipment
- Personal knowledge of participant skills/expertise
- Participant training
- Participant testing
- Rating participant performance
- Filtering of unusual reports
- Contacting participants about unusual reports

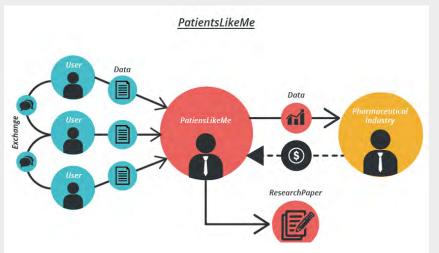
- Automatic recognition techniques
- Expert Review
- Paper data sheets submitted in addition to online entry
- Digital vouchers
- Data triangulation
- Data normalization
- Data mining
- Data quality documentation

Wiggins et al, 2013, Mechanisms for Data Quality and Validation in Citizen Science

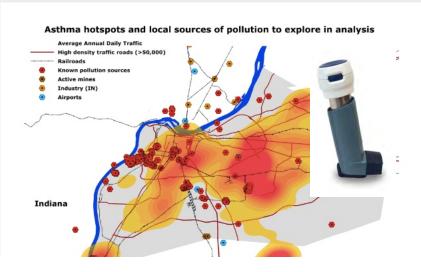
Citizens' Observatories

"Community-based environmental monitoring and information systems that build on innovative and novel Earth observation applications" (EU)

- Fuses sensor data with "citizen as sensor".
- Provides consistent architectures that allow sharing of data, code, tools and algorithms (a la Open Data Cube).
- Supports 2-way data sharing between scientists, citizens and policy makers.



PatientsLikeMe provides platform for 200,000+ patients with life-changing diseases to share data



Propeller Health provides low cost sensor and app for asthma inhaler



Eyewire engaged over 200,000 volunteers from 150 countries to map neurons in a retina.



WAZE crowdsources and provides real-time traffic data and road info



Adaptation of J.M. Flagg's 1917 poster by Kathy Butterfield and Lea Shanley, Wilson Center (2013)

Dr. Lea Shanley

co-Executive Director

South Big Data Innovation Hub,
Renaissance Computing Institute,
University of North Carolina at
Chapel Hill

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The NSF South Big Data Innovation Hub builds public-private partnerships that advance and apply data science to real world challenges.





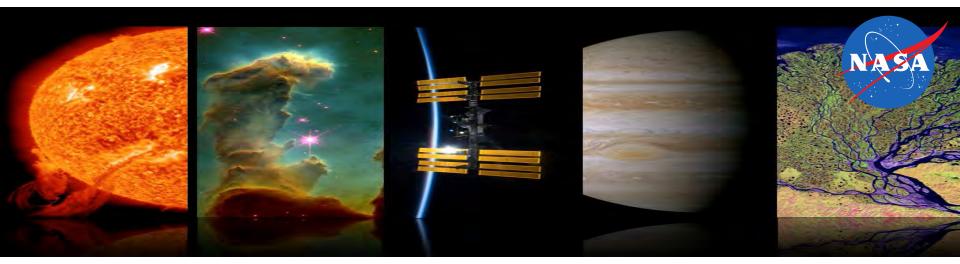




Citizen Science as a Tool for Scientific Research and Societal Benefit at NASA



Dr. Amy Kaminski NASA Headquarters, USA February 12, 2018



- NASA's strategic goals include advancing knowledge and opportunity in space and improving life on Earth.
- We support these goals through extensive programs in space and Earth science research accomplished via space-based missions and research funding.
- NASA's "system" is configured to conduct science using (1) in-house personnel and (2) grants, contracts, and agreements with external entities (academia, industry, international space agencies).

NASA's Citizen Science Universe

- + NASA-funded
- ^ Uses NASA data/assets
- * Completed/defunct
- # Challenge/prize competition

Disk Detective

Planet 9: Backyard Worlds

+Planet Hunters

^Galaxy Zoo

^Radio Galaxy Zoo

^Exoplanet Explorers



JunoCam

^Student Spaceflight

Experiments Program

- +Target Asteroids
- +Asteroid Mappers
- **Asteroid Data Hunter Challenge Citizen science Asteroid Data, Education, and Tools (CADET) projects

*#Cassini Rings Challenge

+Mercury Mappers

+Mars Mappers
*Clickworkers
^Planet Four
^Planet Four: Terrains

Planet Four: Ridges

*# Mars Balance Mass Challenge

+Stardust@home

Aurorasaurus Meteor Counter

+Moon Mappers

^Moon Zoo

*#Open NASA Earth Exchange Challenges NASA S'COOL

NASA/USGS Adopt-a-Pixel

GLOBE/GLOBE Observer (Clouds; Mosquito Habitat Mapper)

[^]I See Change

Ecological forecasting using crowdsourcing (10 projects)

*#Climate Resilience Data Challenge

*General Aviation Study of Harmful Algal Blooms

Citizen Science for Earth Systems Programs (multiple projects)

*Astrobiology Citizen Science

*MAPPER

Extending Astrophysics Research Capabilities:

NASA

Disk Detective

- WISE/other telescope image analysis to search for circumstellar debris disks
- ~30,000 volunteers have classified 2.5 million images since 2014
- 1000s of "objects of interest" identified, including new disk types
- "Super users" become part of research team – named on published papers
- Available in 14 languages

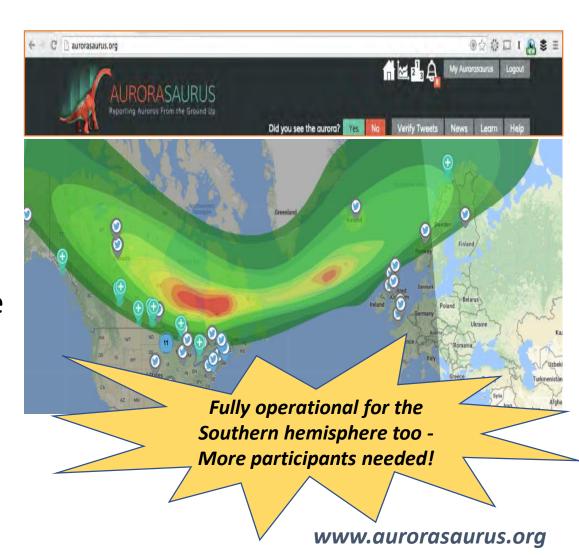


Refining Models of Auroral Activity:

NASA

Aurorasaurus

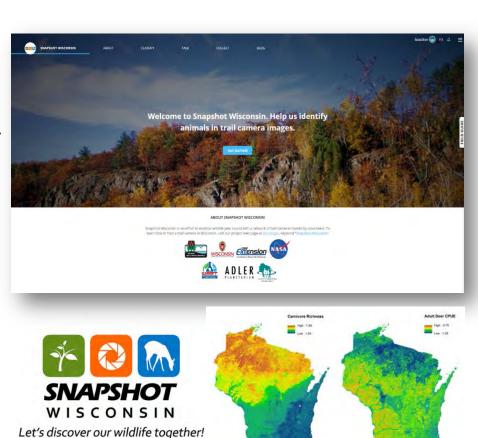
- Has collected 6000+ reports of aurora sightings, plus monitored 370,000+ Tweets mentioning aurora
- Accessible by computer and app
- Helps refine predictive models of aurora to support scientific and observer interests; helps to characterize new types of aurora





Wildlife Monitoring and Management Project: Snapshot Wisconsin + NASA satellite data

- Merged citizen science and NASA remote sensing data to understand animal populations for wildlife management
- Citizen data from Snapshot WI: 800+ citizens set up ~1000 trail cams;
 17M+ images taken; analyzed on Zooniverse
- Mapping species patterns at greater spatial resolutions has improved population and management models that the Wisconsin DNR currently uses for decision making
- Public engaged through training, communication of results, volunteer recognition



Much work remains to expand NASA's use of citizen science



- Science community's lack of familiarity with citizen science methods
- "Isn't it E/PO?"
- Volunteer data quality concerns
- Facing the review panel
 - Lack of expertise or guidance to review CS projects properly
 - Conservatism in selecting projects

Encouraging the use of citizen science within NASA

- Policy statements
- Dedicated funding opportunities
- Individual champions
- Community of practice
- Meetings/events to familiarize NASA workforce with citizen science and its applicability to their work
- Workshops involving the science and open innovation communities to develop ideas for new projects















Questions?

Amy Kaminski amy.p.kaminski@nasa.gov

Emerging Trends in Citizen Science

Libby Hepburn, Atlas of Life, Global Mosquito Alert Consortium

Lea Shanley, Co-Executive Director,
US NSF South Big Data Innovation Hub







Global Mosquito Citizen Science Programme

- Growing concern at expanding range of 20 'ish disease vector mosquito species a global Health & Environment problem
- Multiple CS Mosquito programmes in the EU and US, interest in joint development of a common programme
- interest from Australia, Central & Southern America, Africa and the Far
 East
- A willing partner in UNEP and use of UNEP Environment LIVE
- 2015 -2018 UNEP business/policy/science forum Global project presented









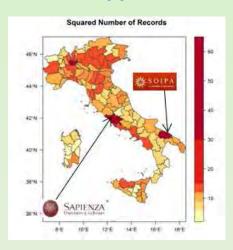
CORE PARTNERS





GLOBE

Zanzamapp ITALY





MOSQUITO HABITAT MAPPER USA

AUSTRALIA MOSQUITO GROUP

ALSO WORKING WITH STANFORD UNIVERSITY



GLOBAL MOSQUITO ALERT

Data

Each project collects and stores local data.

Select information from each project is pushed to the UN's **Environment Live** data portal.

Data is accessible via APIs, downloads, or visualizations.

Data and Metadata Standards

Data and metadata standards support a set of **core protocols** for monitoring activities. Projects may augment core protocols to fit local needs. Each protocol is supported by 1+ open source data collection technologies.

Protocol 1

Real time adult vector mosquitos

Projects: Mosquito Alert, iNaturalist, Muggen Radar, Abuzz

Protocol 2

Larvae and breeding sites

Projects: GLOBE Mosquito Habitat Mapper

Protocol 3

Bites and nuisance

Projects: Zanzamapp

Protocol 4

Biodiversity specimens/ DNA

Projects:
Mueckenatlas,
Invasive Mosquito

Project

Protocol 5+

Additional Protocols

Projects: Protocols may be added as research needs and technologies evolve

A Common Community and Supporting Platform

Global Mosquito Alert is a community of scientists, policymakers, vector control agents, educators, and public volunteers interested in leveraging citizen science to track and combat mosquito-vector disease. Participating projects contribute resources to a platform and secretariat supporting (1) a toolkit of good practices for working with diverse stakeholders; (2) standardized protocols and processes for data collection and validation; (3) a directory of participating projects; and, (4) a director of individual experts.

Citizen Science in policy for the big issues on the world stage































On September 25th 2015, countries adopted a set of goals to end poverty, protect the planet and ensure prosperity for all as part of a new sustainable development agenda. Each goal has specific targets to be achieved over the next 15 years.













..."in the last 12 months there has been such a shift in opinion, led by Peter Glipman? and the whole International Government Chief Scientific Advisory network who have opened the door to citizen science and it's on the basis of a lot of support at that level that now you see pretty much every member state thinking about what kind of citizen science they already have and they have made a call to IGCSA specifically to identify areas where citizen science can play a proactive role in giving advice to governments.

The shift is phenomenal and the speed at which this has happened is very encouraging." from GMAC minutes Jan 14th

Prof. Jacquie McGlade, until recently Chief Scientist at UNEP

Citizen Science contribution to ...

to policy CYCLE



ENABLING "INFRASTRUCTURES" for citizen science

ACSA/IA

Digital platforms

Value/Impact assessment

to policy AGENDAS

examples at federal level:

National Innovation & Science Agenda

Developing Northern Australia

Digital Transformation

Closing the Gap

Public Health

Reef 2050

• • • •

Citizen Science role in the Information Supply Chain

